| | When a problem has not yet been tested, you can give a possible explanation by | 2. When a ball is thrown into the air, it falls back to the ground. What causes this to happen? | Which of these tools would astronomers use to study objects in space? | 4. Some scientists say that Pluto is not really a planet. Which statement helps support this claim? |
|---------|--|--|--|---|
| Monday | a. hypothesizing b. analyzing c. observing d. concluding | a. the round shape of the ball b. the way the ball is thrown c. the force of the air against the ball d. the force of gravity on the ball | a. Magnifying glass b. Telescope c. Microscope d. Binoculars | a. Pluto was discovered in 1930. b. Since its discovery, Pluto has traveled only about one-fourth of its orbit around the Sun. c. Pluto is six times smaller than Earth and smaller than seven of the solar system's moons. d. Pluto is the only planet that has not been examined by a space probe. |
| Tuesday | 5. What is the source of the Moon's light? a. Earth b. The Sun c. The Moon d. The stars in the night sky | 6. After getting all the supplies you need for your science lab experiment, you notice that one does not work properly. What should you do? a. Tell your best friend. b. Tell your teacher. c. Tell the custodian. d. Tell a random person walking by. | 7. Which of the following simple machines would be the BEST choice to use for splitting a log? a. lever b. wedge c. pulley d. inclined plane | 8. Dillon bounces a basketball on a floor made of wood. Why does he hear a sound each time the ball hits the floor? a. The ball makes the wood flat. b. The ball hitting the wood makes the air move. c. The wood makes the ball flat. d. The air hitting the ball makes the wood move. |

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| Wednesday | 9. A device which changes either the direction or the strength of the force applied is called | 10. Kylie pushes each of the following boxes using the same amount of force. Which will MOST likely | 11. The nearest star toEarth is calleda. the sun. | 12. What happens to the path of light as it strikes the snowmen |
| | a | move the fastest? | b. the moon. | 2 · · · |
| | | | c. Mercury. | |
| | a. simple machine. | a. the empty box b. the box with a small non- | d. the morning star. | a. It is not changed. |
| | b. motion. c. energy. | fiction book inside | | a. It is not changed. b. It travels in wavy lines after it |
| | d. science instrument. | c. a box with a large | | strikes the snowman. |
| | | dictionary inside | | c. It goes through the snowman. |
| | | d. a box with 5 large dictionaries inside | | d. It is blocked by the snowman. |
| | | | | |
| | 13. Of the following planets, | 14. Which is MOST | 15. The distance from the | 16. The four planets farthest from |
| Thursday | which is the farthest from the sun? | responsible for changing the volume of sound? | top of a sound wave to its midpoint is known as the | the sun are called |
| | The sun? | volume of sound? | sound's | a. the outer planets. |
| | a. Venus | a. precipitation in the air | | b. the inner planets. |
| IUrs | b. Mercury | b. speed of sound through | a. amplitude | c. the asteroid belt. |
| Ę | c. Mar <i>s</i> d. Earth | the air c. force of vibrating air | b. frequency c. pitch | d. the dwarf planets. |
| | | particles | d. wavelength | |
| | | d. wind speed in the air | | |
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